

2015 153-110

()

*

(16)		(710)	
	393		(318)
		(10)	(6)
(355)			
		(355)	
(356)			(404)

*

Abstract

Methods of parental treatment as perceived by their children in the neurotic narcissism and its relationship to the level of self-esteem

The study aims to examine the impact of parental treatment methods as perceived by their children and its relation to the sex of the student and self-esteem. the study sample consisted of(710)students from the k12 students from the area of northern Gaza, including 318 male and 393 female students, chosen randomly from(16) schools.(6)of them, schools for male students and 10 of female students .members of the study sample are classified into two categories based on scale of parental treatment. the first category of students, treated positively by their parents, consists of (355) students and the second category of students, treated negatively by their parents consists of (355)students. in regard to self-esteem, students are classified into two categories. the first category with high self – esteem ,students are classified into two categories . the first category with high self-esteem consists of (404)students while the second category with low self-esteem consists of (356). The scale of neurotic narcissism has been applied on the study sample.

Results of the study revealed that the level of neurotic narcissism is low and there is a positive correlation between neurotic narcissism, self –esteem and methods of parental treatment. the study has also shown that there are statically significant differences between the methods of positive parental treatment and methods of negative parental treatment in neurotic narcissism for the benefit of students with negative parental treatment. there are also statistically significant differences betwwen high self –esteem and low self –esteem in the neurotic narcissism in favor of students with low self-esteem. the paper concludes that males and females with low self –esteem have shown greater degree of neurotic narcissism than students with high self – esteem.

Key words: neurotic narcissism, parents rearing styles, self-esteem.

....

:

.(4 :2001)

.(19 -17 :1999)

(Carlson& et al, 1994 : 2)

"

2015

(2009)
DSM-IV
(Bagby, et al, 2005: 152) (2004)

) -1
(-2
-3
() -4
-5
-6
-7
-8
-9

Rhodewalt & Sorrow, (2005:579) (Kernberg,2004b: 2004)

" " . (Sandler & Person, 1991 :82)
Paris, (2005) Dobbert, (2007)
(2012) Sperry, (2005)

2- 16 %
(%1)

" " . (Sperry,2005:14)
(127 :2000,)
" " . (Kernberg,2004a :10)
" " .(Evans, 2006 : 122)

2015

.(1999)

Barbara, (1999:34) Lucia, (1999: 41)

(8-7 :2004)

(Kohut,

.1977: 39)

.(Kernberg,1976 :53)

" " "

. (Fromm,1976: 219).

" Young "

. (Asper,1993: 82)

(Sullivan, 1970: 70).

(54 1993)

(Morf et al, 2000: 424)

.(Battegay, 1983: 33)

2015

(Stringer, 2004: 1-11).

(Roberts et al, 2010)

Kohut

overt narcissism

(Pincus &

(Besser & Hill, 2012) Ansell, 2009)

(30 :2011)

Rhodewalt, 2001: 243)
(Morf &

2015

.(676 :200)

(Howe & Parke, 2001) ‘(Watson, et al ,1996) (Hendin & Cheek,1997)
(Anthnysmay, ‘Exline et al, 2004)) ‘ (Barry etal, 2003) ‘(Wiehe,2003)
‘Ghorbani, 2010)) ‘ (Pincus & Ansell, 2009) ‘Zimmer- Gembeck, 2007))

(Lee (Witkowski, 1997)
. (2012) (Lootens, 2010) Ashton, 2005)

.(2012)

...

(2005)

....

.(69 :2005)

.(2002)
(2002) 2000 (Rozenblatt,)
(2013) (2007)

.(318 :2006)

:

(2012)
.%"

() () ()

2015

() ()

)
(

:

:

-1

(0.05≤ α) -2

(0.05≤ α) -3

:

.(2012)

.(41 :2005)
/

2015

(251:2006)

(60 :2000) cooper smith " "
(2011)

(/)

Watson et al (1996)

()

(NPI)

Raskin & Hall K ,lrdhs hgvuhdm hg,hg]dm Parental Nurturance
(459) Buri (1989)

....

Witkowski, (1997)

(40)

Wink & Donahue,(1997)

(160)

Wink & Gough(1990) : Overt Narcissism Scale

Hendin & Cheek, (1997)

Murray

(151)

Ashby & et : (NPDS) Narcissism Scale

Raskin & Terry (1988) : (NPI) al (1979)

: The Big Five Factor Inventory

John & et al (1991),

2015

(80) (75) (155) (2000)

(1998)

Howe & Parke, (2001)

(35) (43)

" "

Wiehe, (2003)

(101) (52)

(HSNS)Hyper Sensitivity Narcissism Scale

....

(Barry et al, 2003)

(98)

Reynolds & Kampho, (1992)

Raskin,

Novask, & Hogan

Lee & Ashton, (2005)

(164)

(338)

Exline et al, (2004)

(241)

(232)

Anthnysmay, Zimmer- Gembeck, (2007)

(400)

2015

Stossel,(2007)

155

(Robbins & Pathon, 2000)

Pincus & Ansell, (2009)

(776)

Lootens, (2010)

(253)

127

....

Ghorbani, et al, (2010)

(406)

(-)

(2010)

180

(275)

(95)

)

: (

(2011)

(186)

2015

Zeigler-Hill et al,(2010)

139 54 193

1965 " " 1981 "

Buter et al,(1994) " "

(2011)

(2012)

(-)

(364)

(-)

%67

129

• • • •

1

1

2013/2012

(5135)

(2852) (228)

-1

(815) (457)

(1272):

(653)

(621)

(1274):

(942)

(219)

(1161)

(442)

(986)

(1428):

(532)

(710)

(178)

(1):

44.79	318	137	30	88	63	
55.21	392	131	61	97	103	
%100	710	268	91	185	166	

2015

(2)

(2):

152	71	81		
166	86	80		
202	103	99		
190	95	95		
710	355	355		

:

:

(1989)

(30)

(10)

() () :) .()
(5-1)

()

.(

/ (0.54) /
· · (0.71) / (0.63)

:

:

The Narcissistic Personality Inventory (NPI)

(1993 Watson, & et al.,) Pincus & Ansell, 2009)

Wink & : Overt Narcissism Scale

Gough.

Ashby, : Covert Narcissism Scale

Lee & Duke

(Hendin & Cheek, 1997) Murray

(1987)

(2012)

2015

.(41 :2005)

(3):

0.01	.0243		1
0.01	0.369		3
0.01	0.174		5
0.01	0.457		7
0.01	0.289		9
0.01	0.480		11
0.01	0.372		13
0.01	0.369		15
0.01	0.548		17
0.01	0.375		19

....

0.01	0.221		21
0.01	0.208		23
0.01	0.516		25
0.01	0.404		27
0.01	0.375		29
0.01	0.865		
0.01			2
0.01	0.347		4
0.01	0.366		6
0.01	0.225		8
0.01	0.309		10
0.01	0.199		12
0.01	0.315		14
0.01	0.370		16
0.01	0.285		18
0.01	0.394		20
0.01	0.415		22
0.01	0.455		24
0.01	0.467		26
0.01	0.444		28
0.01	0.376		30
0.01	0.865		

)

(3)

(0.01)

(

2015

(15) (Test-retest) (2005)
(0,89) -

(2) (5) (3) (4)
150-30 75-15
150-30

(10) (Rosenberg, 1965)

(50) (10)

7 6 4 2 1

10 9 8 5 3

....

:

:

:

:

:

:

:

:

:

(Test-retest)

(15)

(0.78)

-

)
() (

(36)

(252) (152)

(41.4) (39.73)

2015

- 1

(/)
59 -50
69 -60

79 -70

89 -80

100 -90

: (4)

									/
متدن	66.24	49.68	متدن	66.79	50.09	متدن	65.69	49.27	
متوسط	70.49	52.87	متوسط	70.64	52.98	متوسط	70.35	52.76	
متدن	68.37	51.28	متدن	68.72	51.54	متدن	68.03	51.02	

(75)

•

(68.37)

(4)

(68.03)

(70.35)

(65.27)

(66.79)

(68.72)

(70.64)

(70.49)

(66.24)

(Lootens, 2010)

(Witkowski, 1997)

Lootens,)

(2010

(2012)

2015

:(5)

	67.25	50.44		70.02	52.62		64.43	48.25	
	70.89	53.17		71.12	53.42		70.56	52.92	
	69.08	51.81		70.69	53.02		67.45	50.59	
	(69.08)						(5)		
			(67.45)						
		(70.56)				(64.43)			
				(70.69)					
				(71.12)			(70.02)		
			(67.25)						
					.	(70.89)			
							(5)		

(Witkowski, 1997)

(Barry et al, 2003)

....

(Ghorbani, et al, 2010)

: (6)

+									\
	68.12	51.09		70.20	52.65		66.04	49.53	
	68.65	51.49		70.35	52.76		66.95	50.21	
	68.39	51.29		70.28	52.71		66.49	49.87	

(6)

(66.49)

(68.39)

(66.49)

(70.28)

(66.95)

(70.35)

(70.20)

(68.12)

(68.65)

(6)

. Watson et al (1996)

(Anthnysmay, Zimmer- Gembeck, 2007)

2015

(2010)

() (6) (5) (4)

-2

($0.05 \geq \alpha$)

(7)

**0.24	**0.17	**0.32	**0.19	
**0.27	**0.21	**0.37	**0.23	
**0.26	**0.19	**0.36	**0.20	

0.01

**

0.05

•

....

(0.20)= (0.19) (0.32)	(7) (0.23) (0.36)
(0.37)	(0.01)

- .(Battegay, 1983: 33)
.(2012) (Zeigler-Hill, 2013)

:

(Morf & Rhodewalt, 2001: 243)

:

2015

.(Kernberg,2004a :10)

-3

(8)

(8)

/						
99.911	95.268	97.295	93.122			
	104.156	105.670	102.440			
12.967	11.703	11.837	11.363			
	12.657	13.219	11.841			
99.867	97.411	98.796	98.183			
	102.903	102.885	102.440			
11.656	11.532	11.166	11.365			
	12.656	11.326	12.296			
-----	96.487	98.183	94.856			
	103.248	104.193	102.131			

....

-----	99.867	101.247	98.487			
-----	11.638	11.165	11.6291			
-----	11.910	12.296	11.447			
-----	12.243	12.240	12.106			

(8)

(98.487)

.(101.247)

:(9)

** 0.003	8.939	1224.005	1	1224005	
0.807	0.059	8.140	1	8.140	
** 0.000	60.457	8278.682	1	8278.68	
0.333	0.939	128.563	1	128.563	x
0.459	0.548	75.157	1	75.157	x
*0.047	3.960	542.244	1	542.244	x
0.668	0.184	25.171	1	25.171	x x
		136.936	702	96129.19	
			710	7187486.0	

2015

(9)

(9)

(98.487)

(101.247)

(9)

(96.487)

(103.248)

(9)

(104.126)

(95.268)

(102.903)

(95.268)

(104.156)

....

(8.888)	(95.268)
(102.903)	
(5.42)	(97.411)

(Kluger & Song,2003)

2015

Lee (Wiehe, 2003) (Wink & Donahue, 1997) Watson et al) (1996,
(Anthnysmay, Zimmer- Gembeck, 2007) (Ashton, (2005)

()

.(Patho, 2005: 10)

(Ghorbani, et al, 2010))
. (Witkowski, 1997)

.(36 :2004)

Lootens,) (Exline et al, 2004)

(Ghorbani,(2010) (2010

2015

(7)25	(2011)	.1
	(1987)	.2
)	(2005)	.3
.51	(2012)	.4
"	580-549 (2)20	

	(1999)	.5
	(2010)	.6
. (4)26		
	(2000).	.7
. 673 – 687 .(55) 6		
	(2006)	.8
. 2006		
	(2011)	.9
.(5)25		
	(1993)	.10
	(2011)	.11
.(70)		
	(2001)	.12
	(2013)	.13
.363-337 (92)23		
	(1997)	.14
	(1999)	.15
	(- 1424)	.16
	(2000)	.17
	(2004)	.18
.4 (3)		

2015

	(2008)	.19
	(2005)	.20
.87-65 (13) 7	(2009)	.21

- 22.** American Psychiatric Association (1994). Diagnostic Statistical Manual of mental. (21 ed), Washington, DC: Author.
- 23.** Anthonymsmay, A., & Zimmer-Gembeck, M,. (2007). Peer status and behavior of maltreated children and their classmates. *Child Abuse & Neglect*, 31 (9), 971-991 .
- 24.** Asper, K. (1993). The Abandoned Child within. New York: From International Publishing Corporation .
- 25.** Bagby. R., Costa, P., Widger, T., Ryder. A., & Marshall, M. (2005). Dsm-IV personality disorders and the five-factor model of personality a multi-method examination of domain and facet-level predictions. *European Journal of personality*, 19(4), 307-324.
- 26.** Barry, C.T., Frick, P.J., & Killian, A.L.(2003). **Relation** of Narcissism and self-Estee to Conduct Problems in Children: preliminary Investigation. *Journal of Clinical Child and Adolscent Psychoanalysis*, 29(3). 209-233 .
- 27.** Battegay, R. (1983). Critical Views On Narcissism Theories. *Zeitschrifr Fur Psychosomatische Medizin and Psychoanalysis*, 29(3), 209-233.
- 28.** Besser, A., & Hill, V. (2010). The influence of patholo[cal narcissism on emotional and motivational responses to negative events: The roles of visibility and concern about humiliation. *Journal of Research in Personality*, 44(4), 520-534.
- 29.** Carlson, R., Loc Znaik, A., & Nuching. D. (1994). Understandhng parental concern about toy Bead programming. New in sights from Socialization theory . search op. net.com/EBSCO.
- 30.** Evans, d.(2006). An introductory dictionary of lacanian psychoanalysis. New York: Taylor & Francis E-Library .

....

- 31.** Exline, J., Baumeister, R., Bushman, B., Campbell, W., & Finkel, E.(2004). Too proud to let go: Narcissistic entitlement as a barrier to forgiveness. *Journal of personality and social Psychology*, 87(6), 894-912.
- 32.** Fromm, E. (1976). *To have or To be*. Harper & Row, 1976.
- 33.** Ghorbani, N., Watson, P., Hamzavy, F., & Weathington. P.(2010). self-Knowledge and narcissism in Iranians: Relationships with empathy and self-esteem, *Current Psychology*, 29 (2), 135-143.
- 34.** Hendin,H.M.& Cheek, J.M.(1997): Assessing Hyperensitive Narcissism: A Reexamination of Murray's Narcissism Scale *Journal of Research in Personality*, (31), 588-599.
- 35.** Howe, T., & Parke, R. (2001). Friendship quality and sociometric status: between group difference and links to loneliness in severely abused and non-abused children. *Children Abuse & Neglect*, 25 (5), 585-606 .
- 36.** Kernberg, O.F. (1976). *Object-Relations Theory and Clinical Psychoanalysis*, New York: Jasson Aronson, Inc .
- 37.** kernberg,O.F.(2004).b Aggressivity, narcissism, and self- destructiveness in the psychotherapeutic relationship. Yale University Press.
- 38.** Kluger, J. Song, S. (2003) . Masters of Denial, Time, 161 (3), 84- 87.
- 39.** Kohut, H. (1977). "The analysis of the self" New York, International University Press.
- 40.** Lee, K., & Ashton, M.C. (2005). " Psychopathy, Machiavellianism, and Narcissism in the five-factor model and the HEXACO model of personality structure. *Personality & Individual Differences*, 38(7), 1571-1583.
- 41.** Lootens, C. (1010). An examination of the relationships among personality traits, perceived parenting style and narcissism, unpublished PHD Diss University of North Carolina at Greensboro.
- 42.** Mc Dowell, M.E. (2004). Autism, Early Narcissistic Injury and Self-organization: A Role for the the Mothers Eyes, *Journal Analytical Psychology*, 49(4), 495-520 .
- 43.** Morf, C.C. Weir, C., & Davidov, M. (2000). Narcissism and Intrinsic Motivation: The Role of Goal Congruence, *Journal of Experimental Social Psychology*, (36), 424-438 .

2015

- 44.** Morf, C.C., & Rhodewalt, F.(2001). "Unraveling the Paradoxes of Narcissism: A Dynamic Self-Regulatory Proressing Model, Psychological Inquiry, 12(1), 1-20.
- 45.** Pincus, A., & Ansell, E. (2009). Initial Construction and Validation of the pathological Narcissism Inventory. Psychological Assessment, 21(3), 421-446
- 46.** Rhodewalt, F., & Sorrow, D. (2005). Handbook of identity. In Leary, M, & Tangnery, T. New York: The Guilford press, 519-535.
- 47.** Roberts, B. Edmonds, G. & Grijalva, E. (2010). It is developmental me, not generation me: Developmental changes are more impotent than generational changes in narcissism commentary. Perspect Psychol Sci, 5(1). 97-102 .
- 48.** Rosenberg. M. (1965). Society and the adolescent self- image, Princet. New Haven: Yale University Press .
- 49.** Sperry, L.(2005).Handbook of diagnosis and treatment of DSM_IV_TR personality disorders. 2nd ed. Taylor & francis e- Library
- 50.** Stringer,K.(2004).How to Recognize a Narcissist. www.roddlertime.com
- 51.** Stoessel, B.J, (2007). Facets of the self in grandiose and vulnerable narcissism; implicit self-esteem, explicit self-esteem, and shame, a dissertation submitted to the graduate school of the university of Massachusetts Amherst partial fulfillment of the requirements of the degree of Doctor Philosophy.
- 52.** Sullivan, H.S. (1970). The Psychiatric Interview Original publication: 1954, Paper back Reprint: New York: Norton.
- 53.** Watson, P., Jones, D. & Morris, R. (1996). Self-report ednarcissism and shame: Testing the defensive self-esteem and continuum hypotheses. Personality and Individual Differences, 21(2), 253-259.
- 54.** Wiehe, V. R. (2003). “Emphy and Narcissism in a Sample of Chid Abuse perpetrators and A Comparison Sample of Foster Parents” Child Abuse & Neglect, 27(5), 541-556.
- 55.** Wink, P. & Donahue, K. (1997). Relation Between Two Type of Narcissism and Boredom, Journal of Research in personality, 31.136-140.
- 56.** Witkowski, T. (1997). performance level in situation of Helplessness threat and Groyp Affiliation, Journal oe social Psychology, 137(2), 229-235.
- 57.** Zeigler-Hill, V., Myers, K. E., & Clark, C. B. (2010). Narcissism and self-esteem reactivity: the role of Research In. Personality, 44, 285-292.